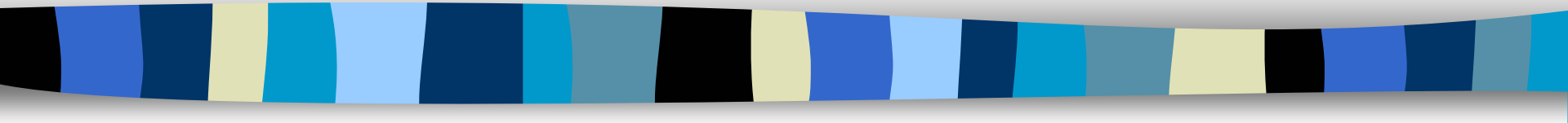
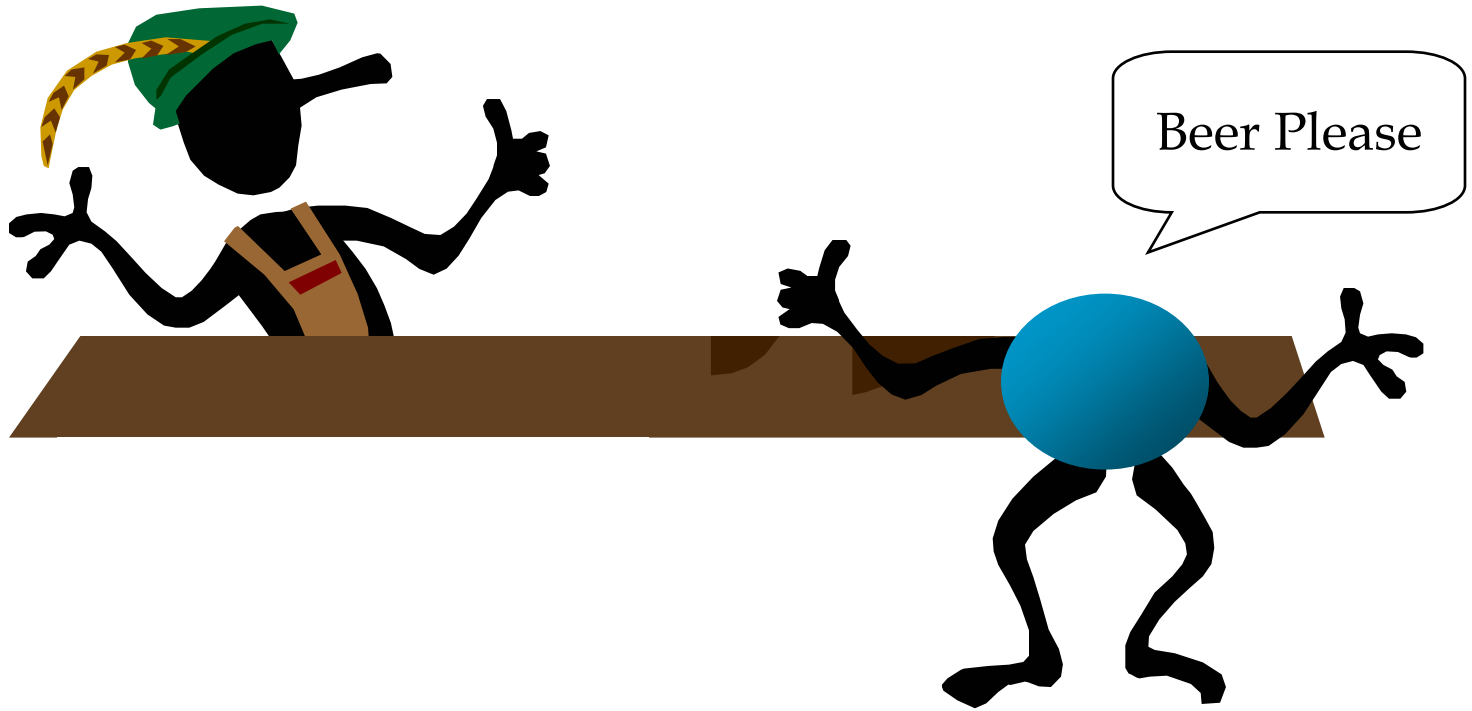


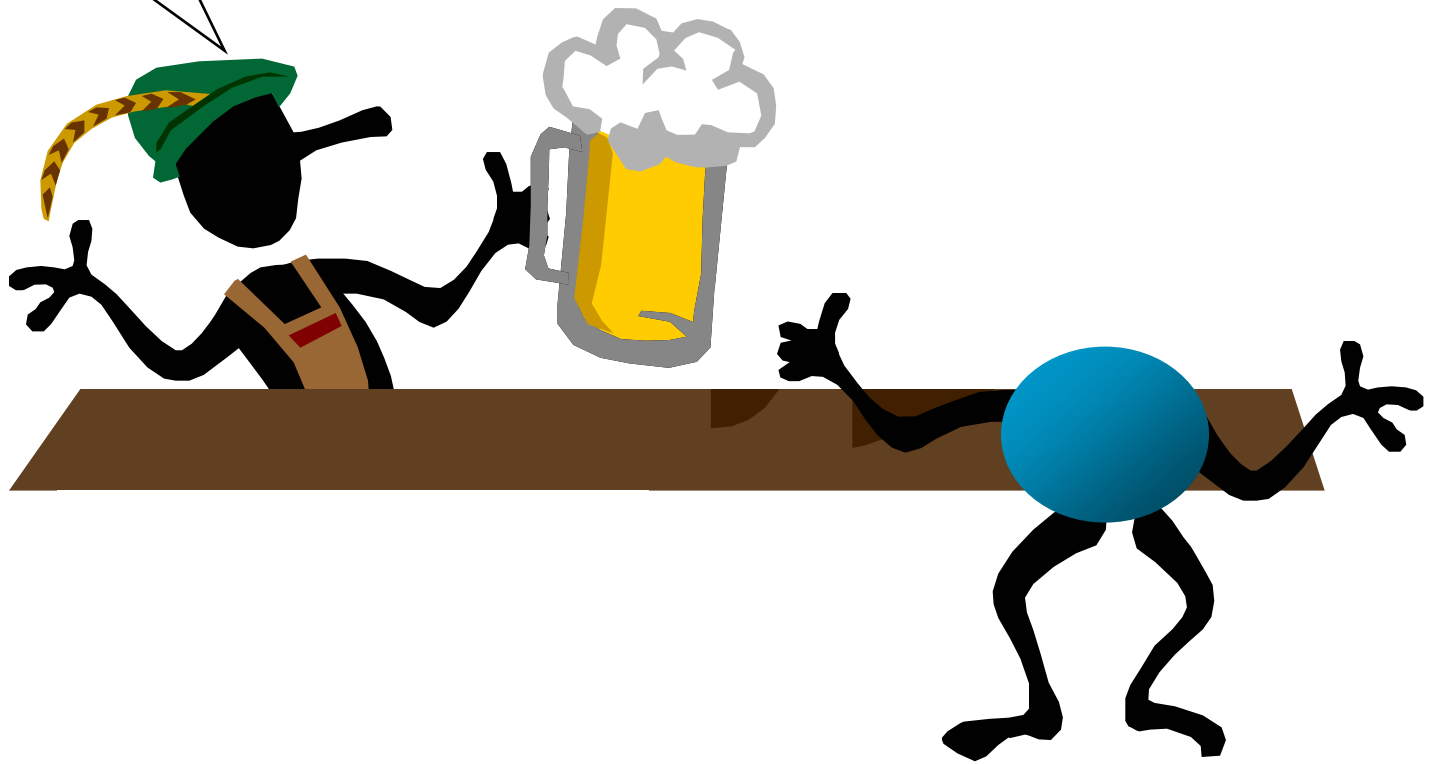
Moderator System

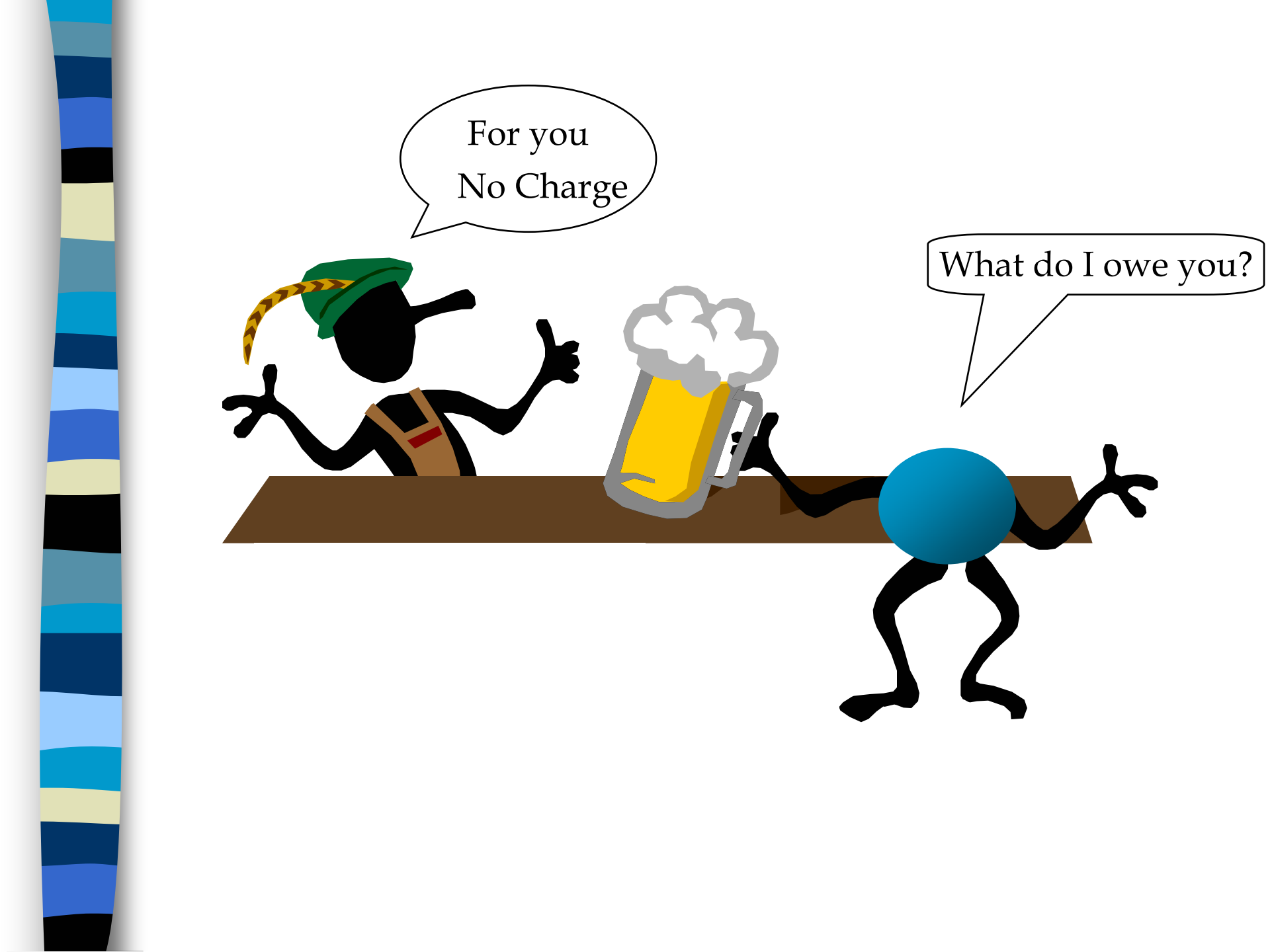


A neutron walks into a bar



Here you go sir





For you
No Charge

What do I owe you?



D₂O Isotopic

■ Percentage of D₂O by weight

$$\text{Isotopic} = \frac{\text{Mass of D}_2\text{O}}{\text{Mass of D}_2\text{O} + \text{mass of H}_2\text{O}} \times 100\%$$

Moderator water $\approx 99.8\%$

Typically 99.93%

New water as high as 99.99%

0.1% downgrading costs a million a year in fuel

Minimum allowable $\approx 99.5\%$

Up-graders in stations keep isotopic high



Radiation Hazards

■ Tritium

- activation product from deuterium
- low energy beta emitter
- internal hazard only
- detected by routine bioassay

■ N-16 & O-19

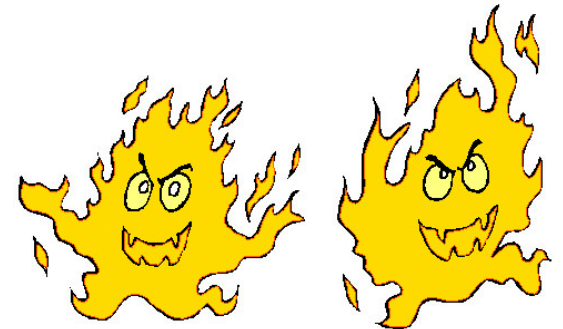
- high energy gamma and beta
- gamma hazard when reactor is in operation

■ Photoneutrons

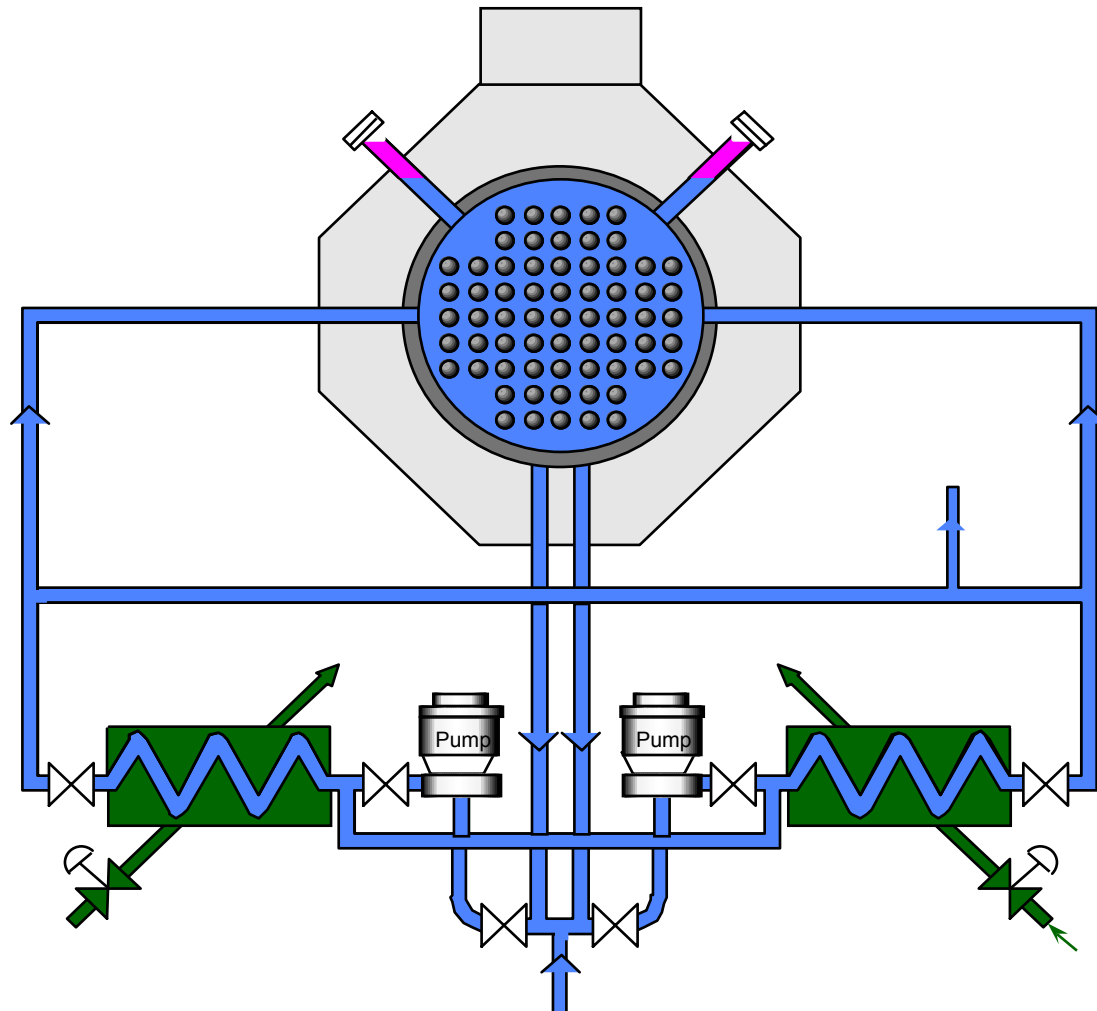
- anywhere there is heavy water that just circulated through the reactor

Main Moderator System

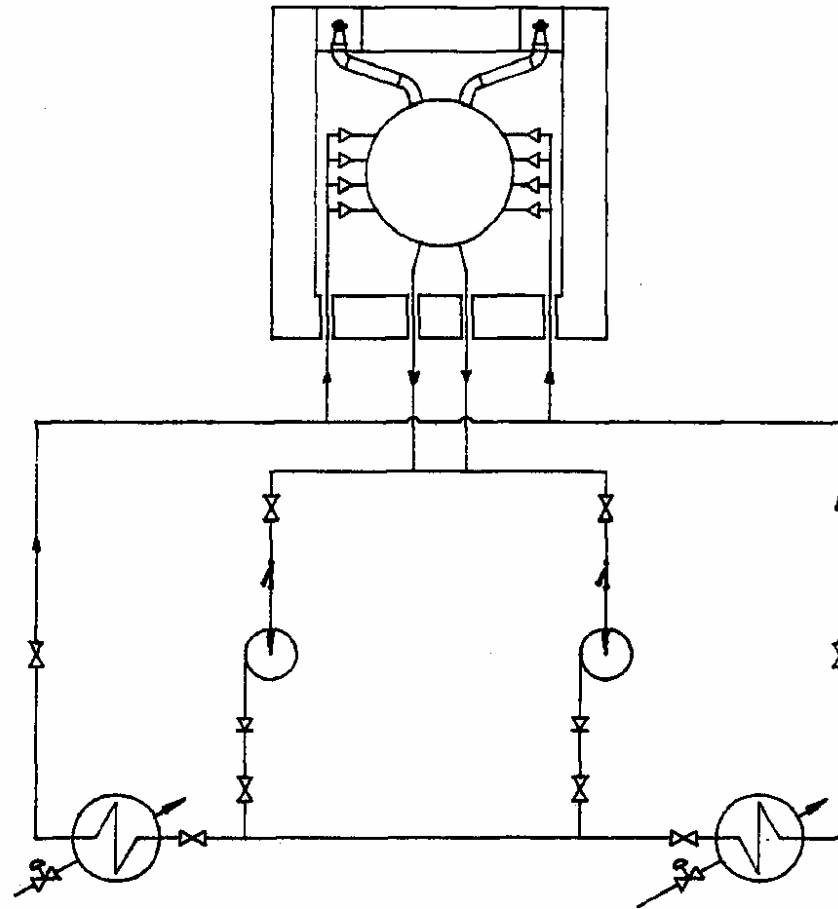
- Constant moderator temperature
 - 60°C - 70 °C
- Moderator Heat Sources
 - prompt radiation from fission (neutrons & gamma)
 - fission product decay (gamma)
 - conventional heating



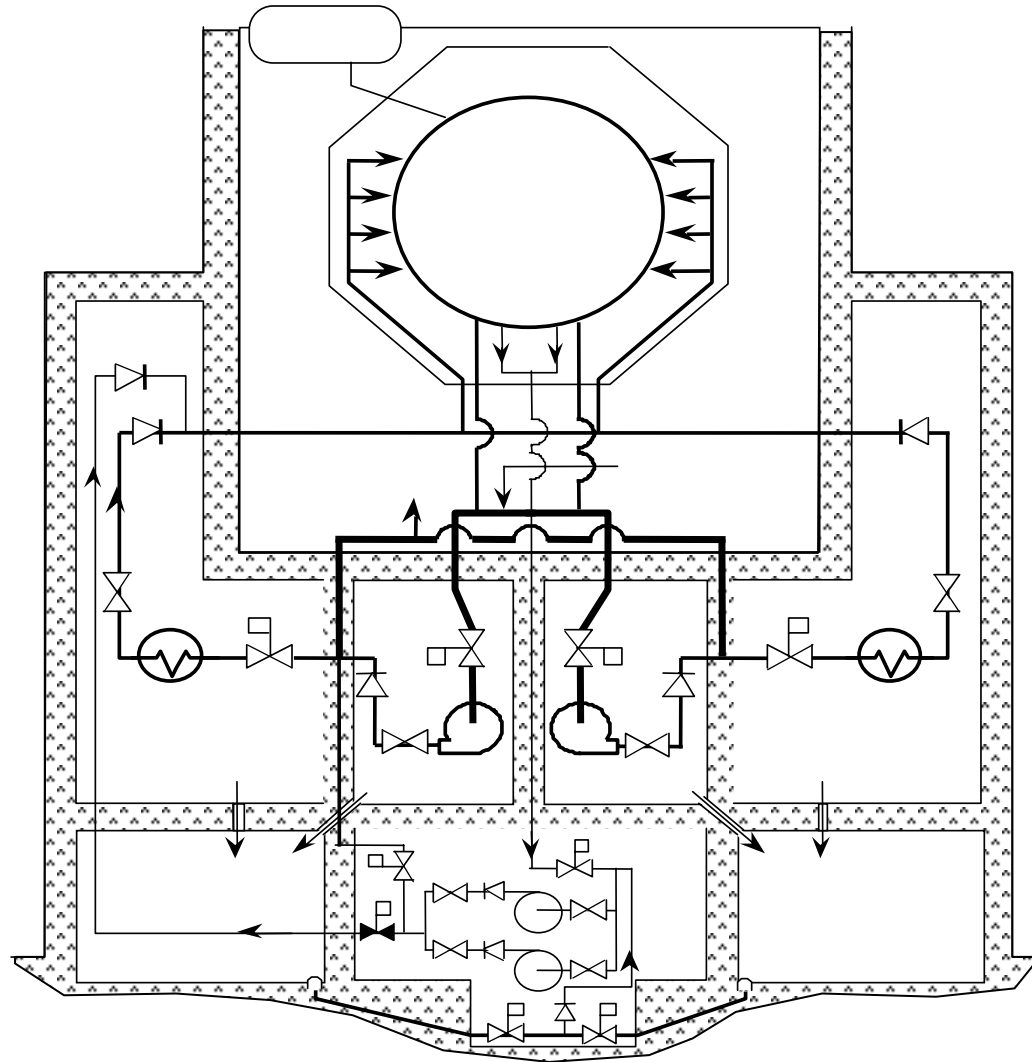
Simplified Main Moderator System



Main Moderator System



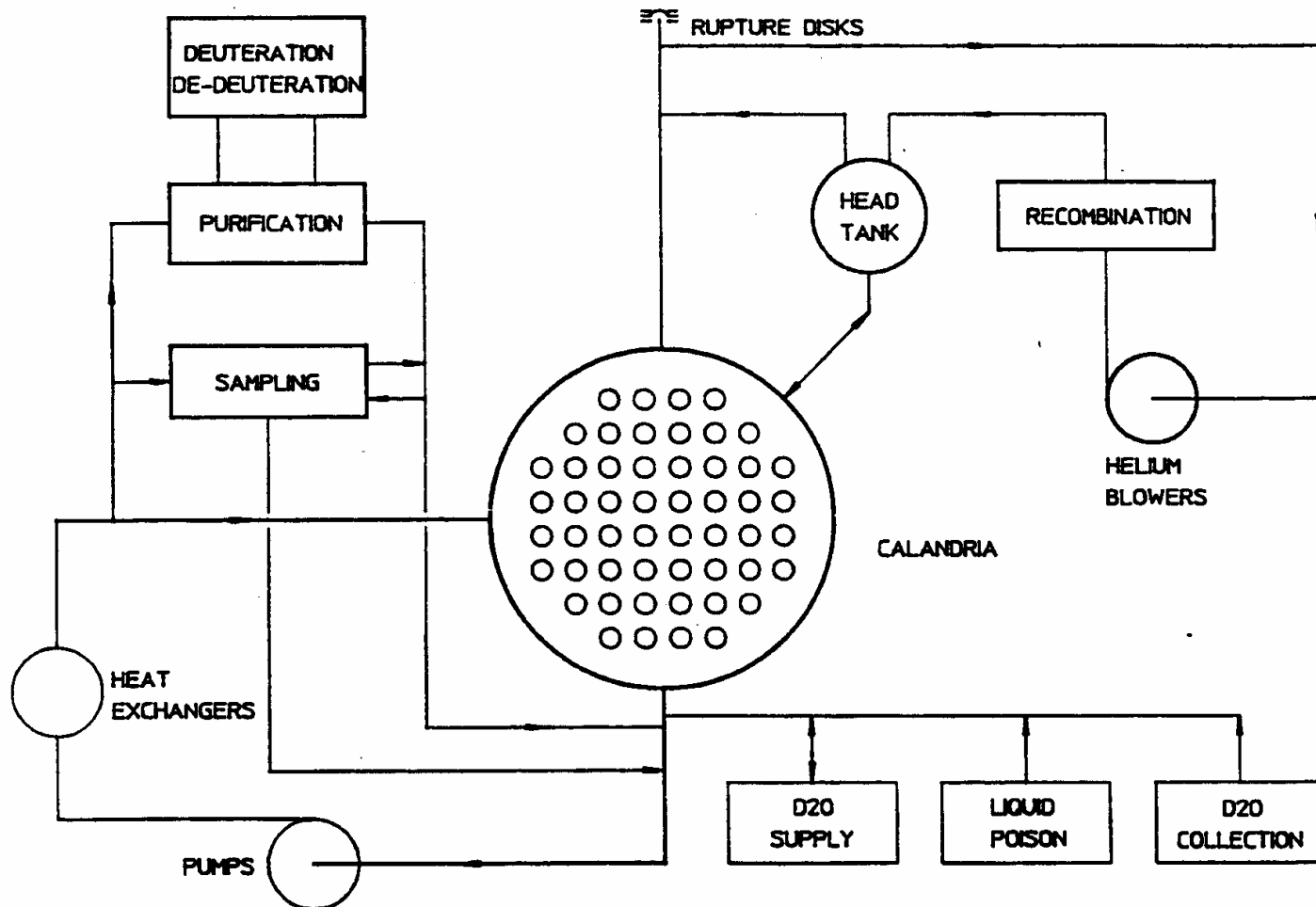
Moderator System Layout

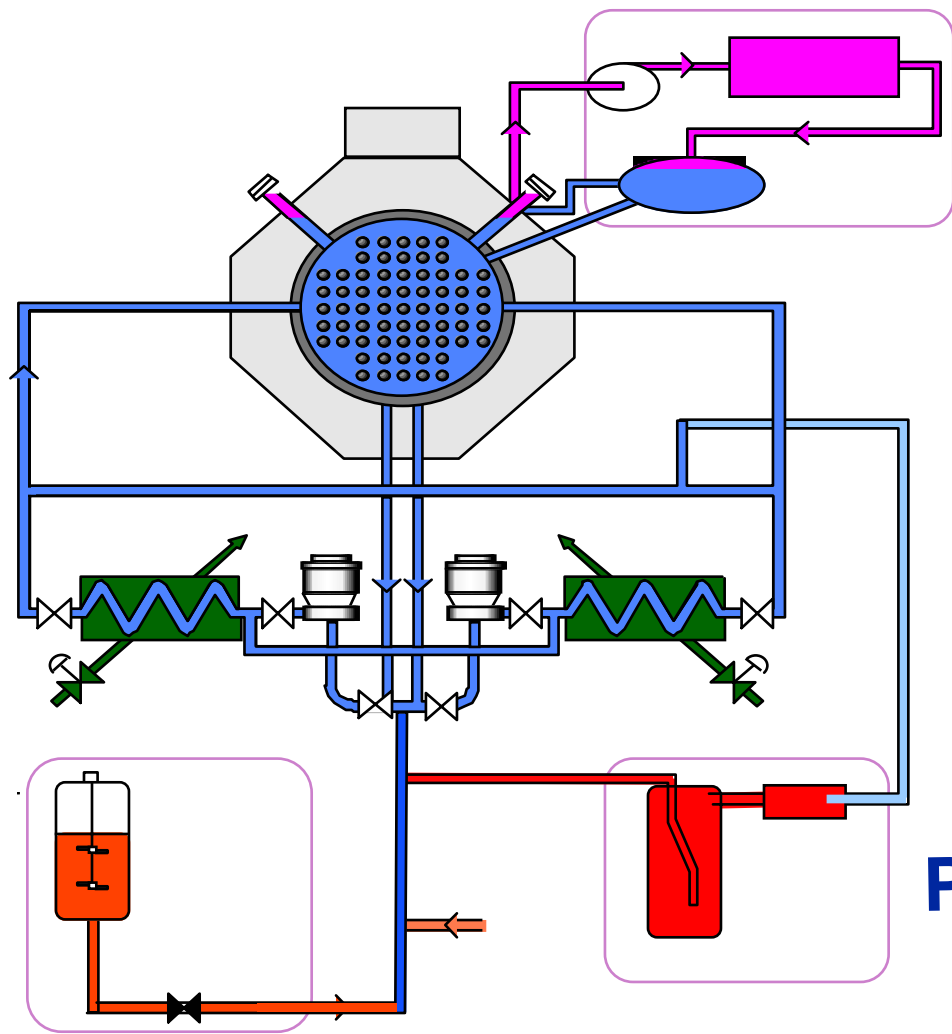
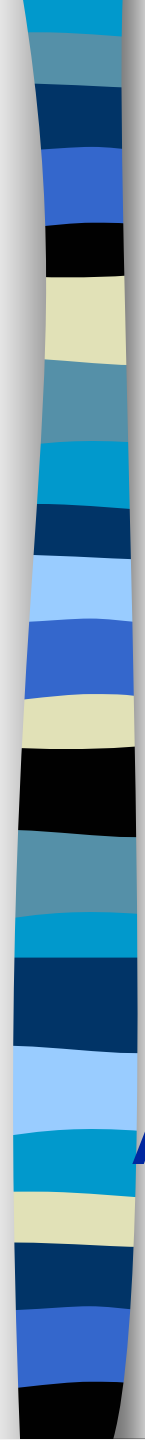


Moderator Auxiliaries

13 February, 2004

Auxiliary Systems





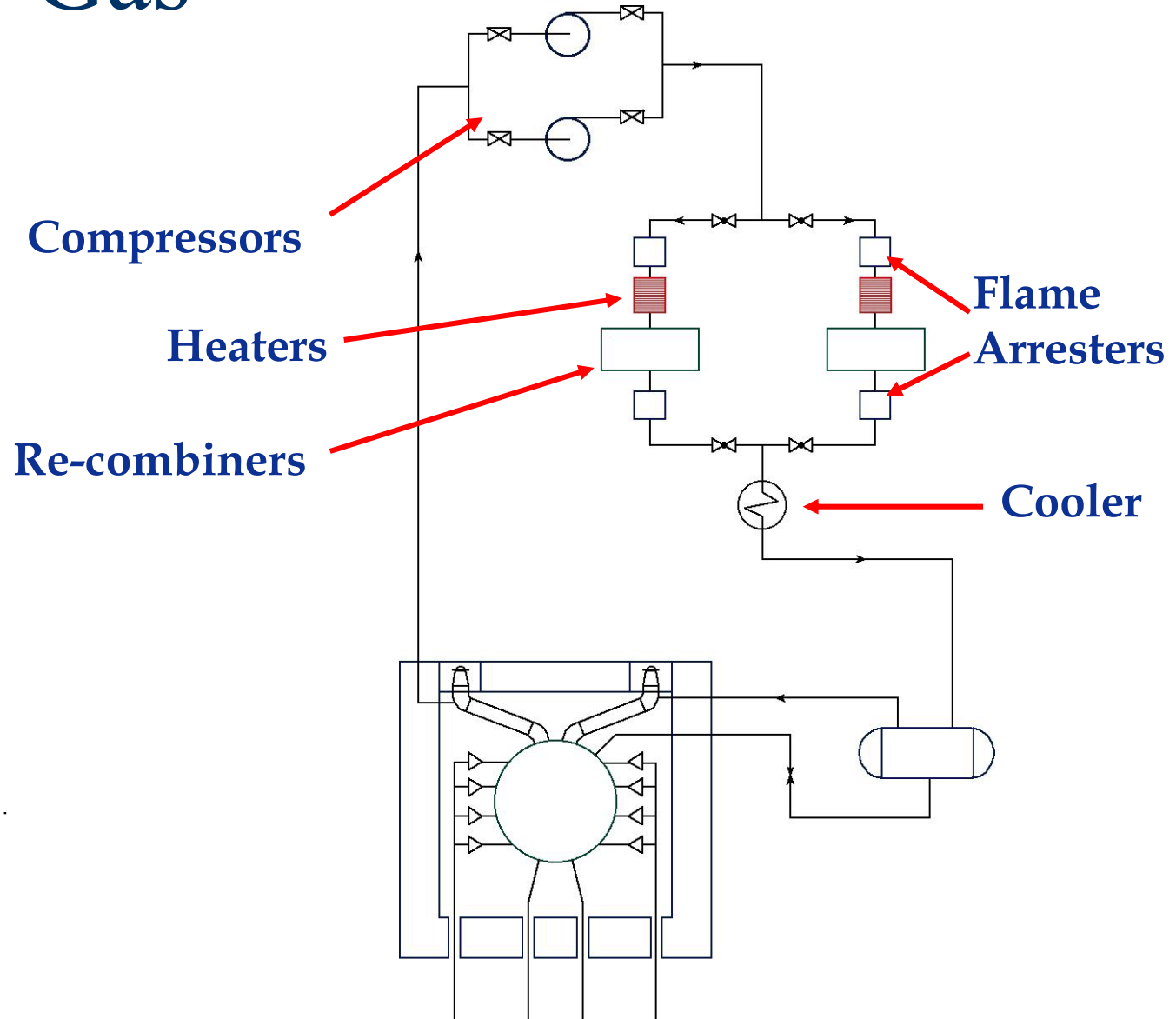
Cover Gas

Poison Addition

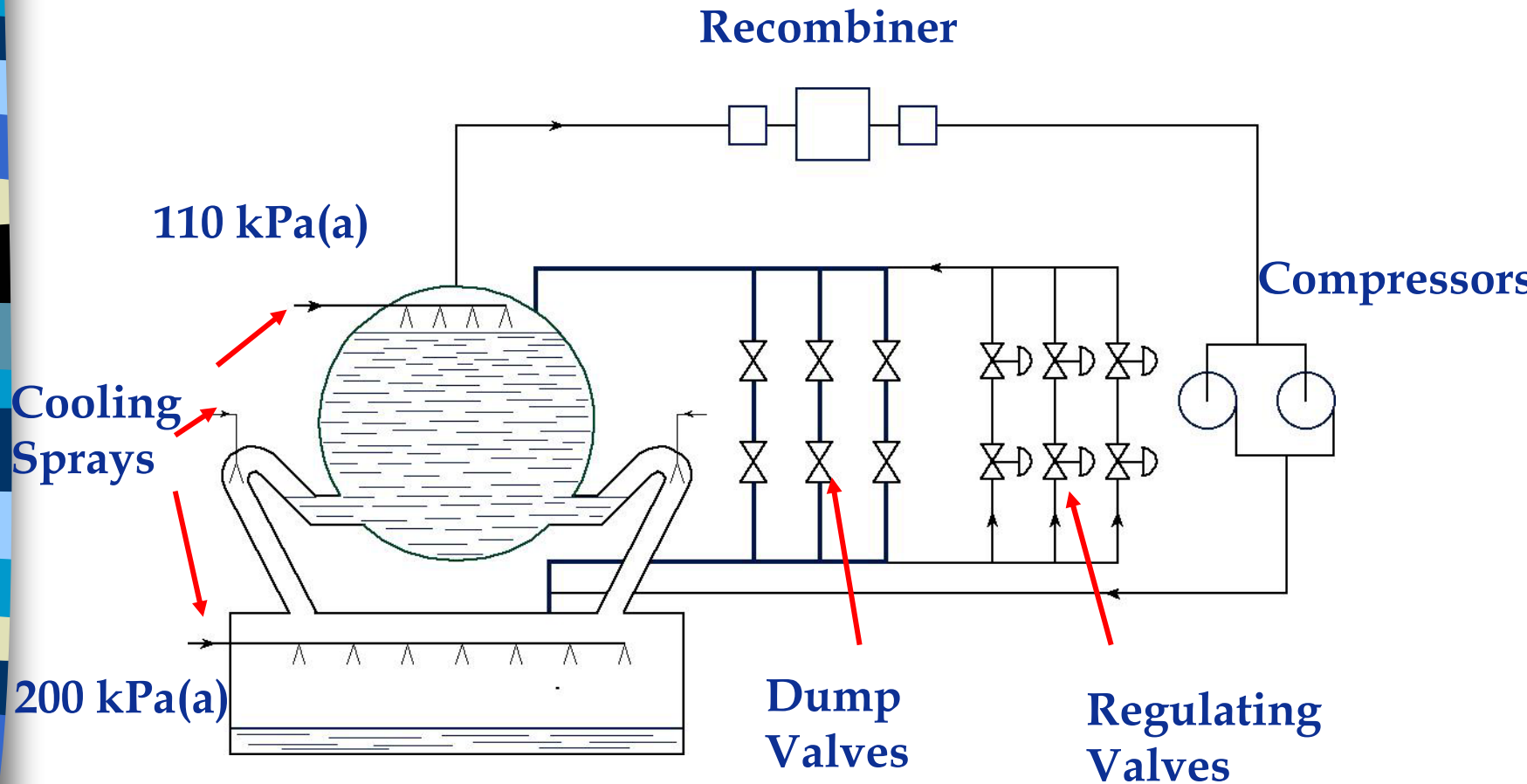
Purification

Collection & Make-up

Cover Gas



Dump Tank and Level Control



Purification

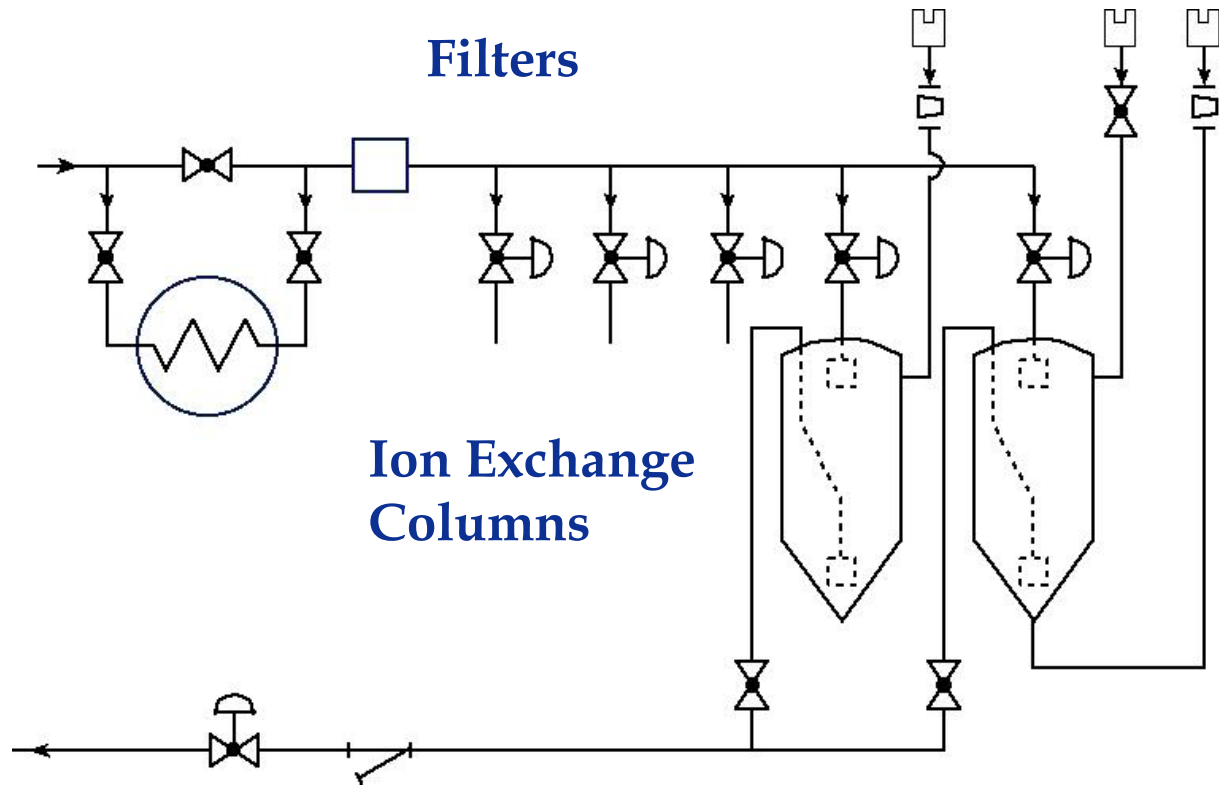
From Pump
Discharge

Filters

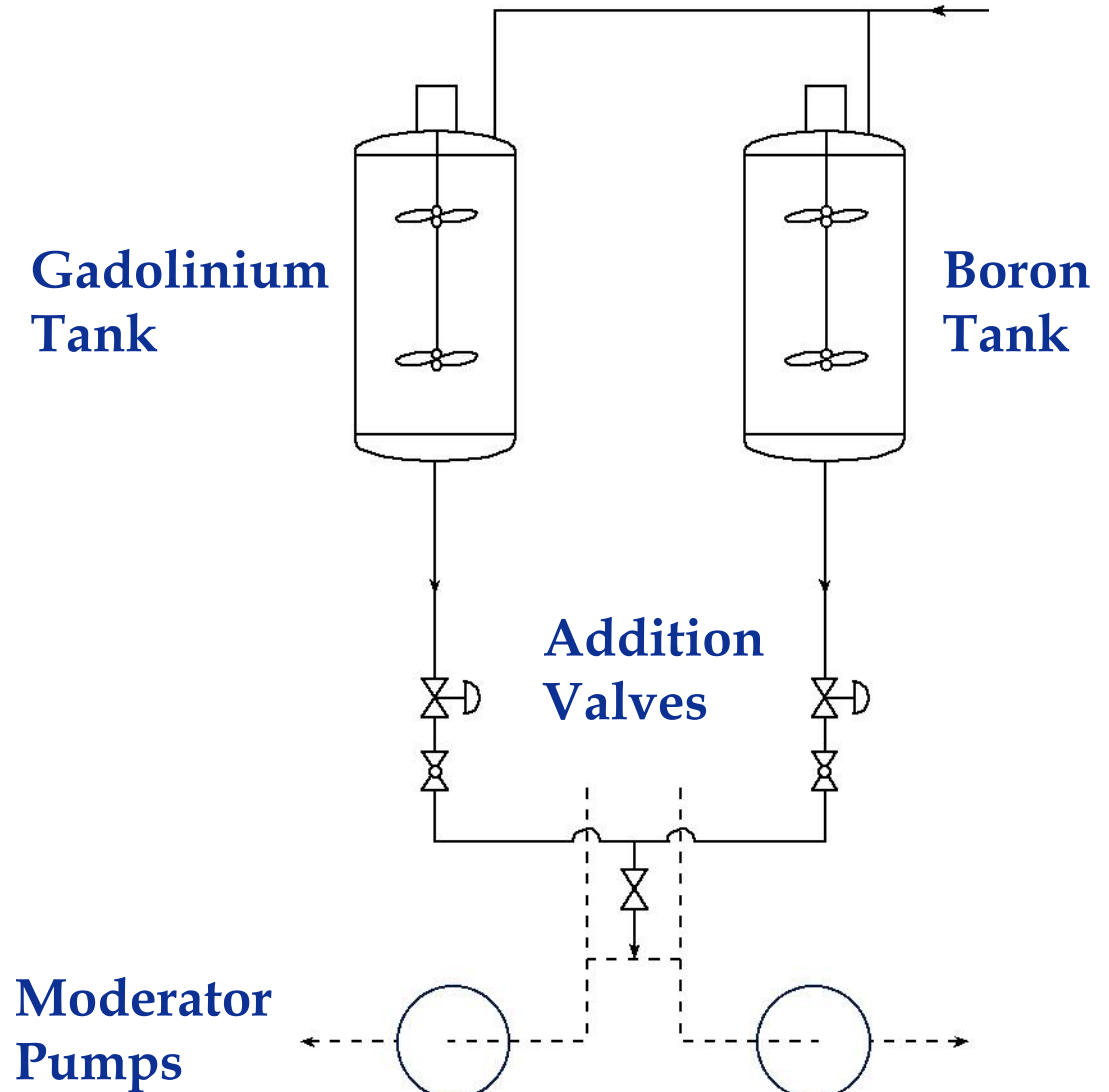
Resin
Transfer

Ion Exchange
Columns

To Pump
Suction



Liquid Poison Addition



Liquid Poison Addition





More Moderator Stuff

- D₂O collection
- Auxiliary Cooling
 - reactivity mechanisms
- Deuteration and De-Deuteration